

Brighton & Hove City Council
Annual Investment Strategy 2009/2010

This Strategy complies with guidance issued by the Secretary of State on investments.

The following sets out the council's policy on investment criteria and counterparties. It should be noted that the minimum criteria set out in this document is only one factor taken into account for the investment of council funds. Other factors, such as Government guarantees and support and information available from the financial press and similar publications will also be taken into account when determining investment decisions. Counterparties that satisfy the minimum criteria are not automatically included on the council's approved investment list.

1 Criteria to be used for creating / managing approved counterparty lists / limits

Each counterparty included on the council's approved lending list must meet the criteria set out below. Without the prior approval of the council, no investment will be made in an instrument that falls outside the list below.

1.1 Capital security

Table 1 sets out the minimum capital security requirements for an investment to be made.

<u>Table 1 – Minimum capital security requirements</u>	
Banks/building societies with a credit rating	the institution must have a minimum short term rating of highest credit quality
Building societies that do not satisfy the minimum rating criteria above	the society must have an asset base in excess of £3 billion
Money market funds	the rating of the fund meets the minimum requirement of triple A ('AAA' / Aaa)
Debt Management Account Deposit Facility	the deposit is made in accordance with the rules and regulations relating to such investment as issued by the Debt Management Office from time to time

1.2 **Maximum permitted investment by sector**

Table 2 sets out the maximum permitted investment for each sector.

<u>Table 2 – Maximum permitted investment by sector</u>	
<u>Sector</u>	<u>%age of total investment portfolio at the time the investment made</u>
Banking sector	100%
Building society sector	75%
Local authority sector	75%
Money market funds	75%
Debt Management Account Deposit Facility	50%
Maximum amount invested for more than 1 year	25% (excl funds administered by external cash manager)

1.3 **Maximum permitted investment by counterparty**

1.3.1 **General**

With the exception of money market funds and the Debt Management Account Deposit Facility no one counterparty may have more than 75% of the relevant sector total at the time the investment is made.

1.3.2 **Rated counterparties**

Table 3 sets out the exposure limits and maximum periods for deposits based on various credit ratings.

<u>Table 3 – Exposure limits and maximum periods per counterparty (with rating)</u>				
<u>Rating</u>	<u>A rating of at least (lowest of Fitch (F) / Moody's (M) / Standard & Poor's (SP))</u>			
Short-term	F = F1+ M = P-1 SP = A-1+	F = F1+ M = P-1 SP = A-1+	F = F1+ M = P-1 SP = A-1+	F = F1 M = P-1 SP = A-1
Long-term	F = AA+ M = Aa1 SP = AA+	F = AA- M = Aa3 SP = AA-	n/a	n/a
Exposure Limit	£10m	£10m	£10m	£5m
Maximum period – fixed deposits	3 years	2 years	1 year	1 year
Maximum period – negotiable instruments	5 years	5 years	1 year	1 year

In addition investment in money market funds and open ended investment companies with a rating of 'triple A' (i.e. AAA / Aaa) is permitted up to a value of £10 million per fund.

The only exception to Table 3 is investment in the council's banker, the Co-operative Bank plc. The maximum period and exposure limit for investment in this bank will be one month and £10 million respectively.

1.3.3 Non-rated counterparties

Table 4 sets out the exposure limits and maximum periods for deposits for counterparties that are not rated.

<u>Table 4 – Exposure limits and maximum periods per counterparty / fund (with no rating)</u>		
<u>Counterparty</u>	<u>Exposure Limit</u>	<u>Maximum period</u>
Local authority	£5 million	1 year
Non-rated building society with an asset base in excess of £3bn	£5 million	6 months
Debt Management Account Deposit Facility	£10 million	6 months

1.3.4 Cash manager

For the purposes of investments made by the council's external cash manager, the criteria in Table 5 will apply:

<u>Table 5 – Exposure limits and maximum periods per counterparty (Cash manager)</u>		
<u>Instrument</u>	<u>Exposure Limit</u>	<u>Maximum period</u>
Government stock	100% of Fund	10 years
Supra-national with minimum long-term rating of 'AA-' / Aa3 / AA-	100% of Fund	10 years
Regulation collective investment schemes	100% of Fund	n/a
Fixed term investments – minimum short-term rating of 'F1 / P-1 / A-1'	10% of Fund or £2.5m whichever is the greater	1 year
Fixed term investments – minimum long-term rating of 'AA- / Aa3 / AA-'	10% of Fund or £2.5m whichever is the greater	5 years

In addition to Table 5 the maximum average duration of the fund managed by the cash manager shall not exceed 4 years. All instruments used by the cash manager with a maturity of 3 months or more shall be negotiable.

1.4 Investment classification (regulatory)

The investment guidance issued by the Secretary of State requires the council to identify investments as either 'specified' or 'non-specified'. Table 6 sets out the requirements for each type.

<u>Requirement</u>	<u>Specified</u>	<u>Non-specified</u>
Currency	Must be in Sterling	Any currency other than Sterling
Maturity period	Up to 12 months	Over 12 months
Credit worth	Counterparty with high credit rating or UK government or local authority	Other

All investments made by the council are denominated in Sterling and are made only in counterparties with a high credit worth (as set out in paragraph 1.3 above).

The use of non-specified investments is limited to (a) investment in non-rated building societies with an asset base in excess of £3bn or (b) investments for longer than 12 months in counterparties that meet the minimum long-term rating detailed in Tables 3 and 5 above.

2 Approved methodology for changing limits and adding / removing counterparties

A counterparty shall be removed from the council's list where a change in their credit rating results in a failure to meet the criteria set out above.

A new counterparty may only be added to the list with the written prior approval of the Director of Finance & Resources and only where the counterparty meets the minimum criteria set out above.

A counterparty's exposure limit will be reviewed (and changed where necessary) following notification of a change in that counterparty's credit rating or a view expressed by the credit rating agency warrants a change.

A counterparty's exposure limit will also be reviewed where information contained in the financial press or other similar publications indicates a possible worsening in credit worth of a counterparty. The review may lead to the suspension of a counterparty where it is considered appropriate to do so by the Director of Finance & Resources.

3 Full individual listings of counterparties and counterparty limits

A full list of counterparties in which the council will invest surplus funds, together with limits and maximum investment periods is contained in Schedule 1 to this AIS.

There is no pre-determined list for investments made by the cash manager but all counterparties must meet the minimum criteria as set out in Table 5 above.

4 Details of credit rating agencies' services

Credit ratings will be based on those issued periodically by the Fitch Ratings Group, Moody's and Standard & Poor's.

5 Permitted types of investment instrument

All investments must be denominated in Sterling.

The in-house treasury team may invest in fixed term and variable term cash deposits, money market funds and open ended investment companies. The in-house treasury team may only invest in negotiable instruments where to do so offers additional value in terms of investment return and appropriate and supporting advice has been sought from the council's external treasury advisors on the suitability of such an investment.

The cash manager may invest in government stock, supranational institutions, regulation collective investment funds and fixed term instruments. All investments with a maturity of 3 months or more shall be negotiable.

6 Ethical investment statement

The council has approved the following ethical investment statement that will apply to all cash investments made by, or on behalf of, the council

"Brighton & Hove City Council, in making investments through its treasury management function, fully supports the ethos of socially responsible investments. We will actively seek to communicate this support to those institutions we invest in as well as those we are considering investing in by:

- *encouraging those institutions to adopt and publicise policies on socially responsible investments;*
- *requesting those institutions to apply council deposits in a socially responsible manner."*

Counterparties shall be advised of the above statement each and every time a deposit is placed with them.

7 Glossary

Long-term – period in excess of 12 months

Negotiable instrument – an investment where the council can receive back the amount invested earlier than originally agreed (subject to conditions)

Non-specified investment – see Table 6 above

Short-term – period up to and including 12 months

Specified investment – see Table 6 above

Supra-national – an organisation that encompasses more than one nation, such as the World Bank

